



PO

Project ReCROP - Bioinocula and CROPping systems: a biotechnological approach for improving crop yield, biodiversity and REsilience of Mediterranean agroecosystems

Sofia Pereira (UCP) sapereira@ucp.pt

PRIMA

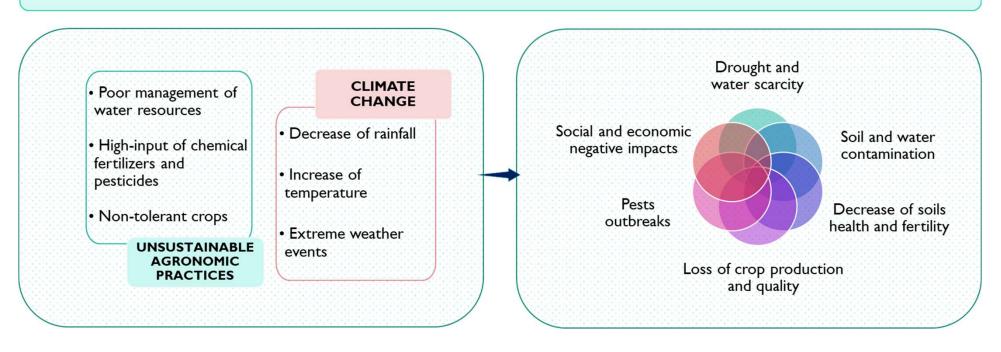
Section 2 Call 2020 - Multi-topic Topic 2.2.1 (RIA) Re-design the agro-livelihood systems to ensure resilience

Co-funded by:



The basis for ReCROP project

CHALLENGE: Improve the sustainability and resilience of Mediterranean farming systems



...fostering sustainability and resilience of agricultural production systems (...) combined use of biotechnological tools, such as bioinoculants (mycorrhiza-MF and plant growth-promoting bacteria-PGPB), and environmentally friendly agronomic practices.

ReCROP consortium



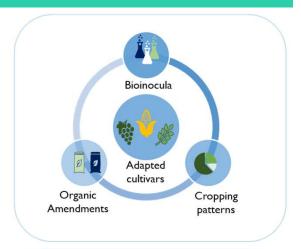
7 countries:

Portugal, Spain, France, Italy, Morocco, Egypt, Tunisia

11 Partners:

- ESB-UCP, Portugal
- IDARN, Portugal
- ADVID, Portugal
- NEIKER, Spain
- CSIC, Spain
- UPVM-CEFE, France
- UM-CEE-M, France
- IRET-CNR, Italy
- FSTG, Morocco
- FOAFU, Egypt
- INAT, Tunisia

ReCROP Strategy



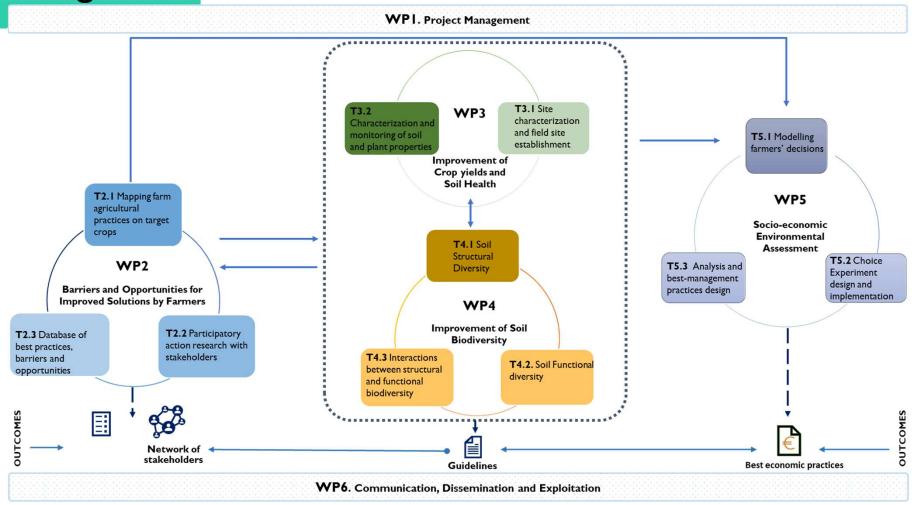
 The established and newly set-up field sites in each country are being used to study the beneficial effects of cropping systems, bioinoculation, and amendments in 3 important Mediterranean crops vineyards, maize and aromatic/medicinal plants



A multi-actor approach is being implemented to:

- identify barriers and opportunities related to technical and socioeconomic aspects (close proximity to farmers to incorporate local knowledge).
- design optimal adoption routes
- identify solutions to increase crop production in a sustainable way while ensuring farmer's incomes

Work packages





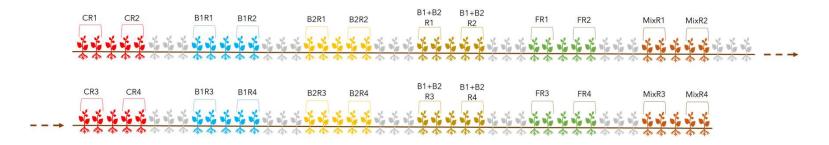
Douro - Portugal

Subregions of the Douro DOC Cina Corgo Douro Superior Cina Corgo Spain

Microbial inoculation:

- Control (without inoculation)
- PGPR I Pseudomonas fluorescens
- PGPR 2 Arthrobacter nicotivorans
- PGPR I + PGPR 2
- Fungi (AMF) INOQ Agri; Germa
- MIX (PGPR I, PGPR 2, AMF)

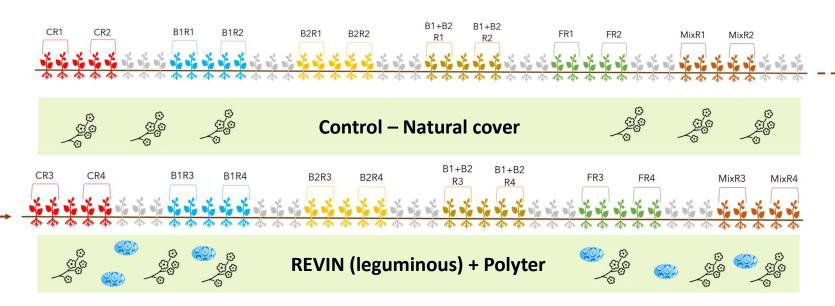




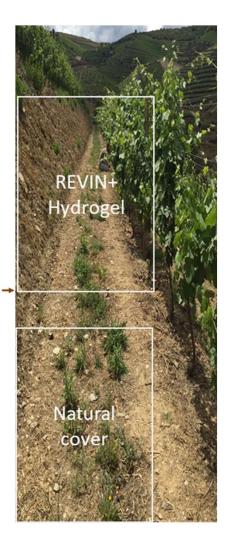
Douro - Portugal

Establishment of cover crops in the interrows – Nov 2022

- For each inoculation treatment (x2):
 - C Control natural cover
 - ∏ REVIN (leguminous) + hydrogel



Vineyards



Vineyards

Pont du Gard - France











- Natural cover crop all year vs control
- Natural cover crop in winter vs control
- Cover crop in winter (sowing after the grape harvest) vs control
- Compost vs control



Portugal



New site

- Established in April 2023
- Harvest in September 2023

The practices implemented:

- ryegrass during the winter
- application and incorporation of cow slurry before maize sowing
- application of bioinoculants containing plant growth promoting bacteria and mycorrhizal fungi after maize sowing
- N fertilization reduced by 25%

Treatments (x3 plots - 8 rows x 50 m):

- TI Control
- T2 Mineral fertilization (100%)
- T3 Bioinoculants
- T4 Mineral fertilization (100%) + bioinoculants
- T5 Mineral fertilization (75%)
- T6 Mineral fertilization (75%) + bioinoculants

Fertilizer application and sowing

Field trial establishment



Land preparation



After 2 weeks...

Inoculation





Harvest



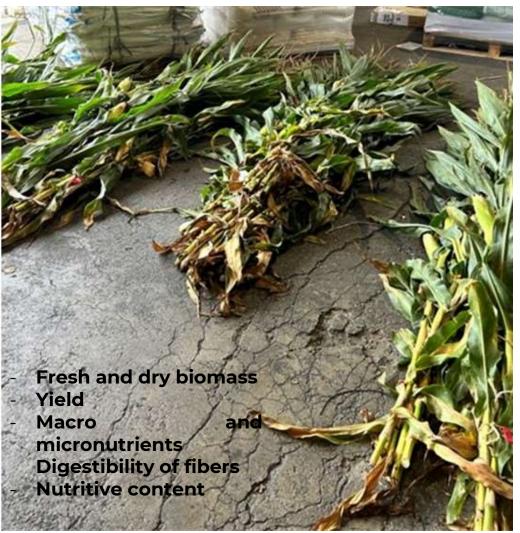












SPAIN



Organic vs Conventional



Cultivation of maize after ryegrass prairie (3-5 years) vs Cultivation of maize after turnip (Brassica rapa) grown during autumn-winter and incorporated in spring as green manure

Fayoum - Egypt

Experimental Farm of the Faculty of Agriculture, Fayoum University, Southeast Fayoum Governorate



- Intercropping (Maize/Cowpea) vs Control (Maize)
- Composted biochar and/or Biochar vs Control under deficit irrigation
- Bioinoculation vs Control under deficit irrigation
- Antioxidant foliar application vs Control under deficit irrigation

TRIP - Tunisia

Coriandrum sativum

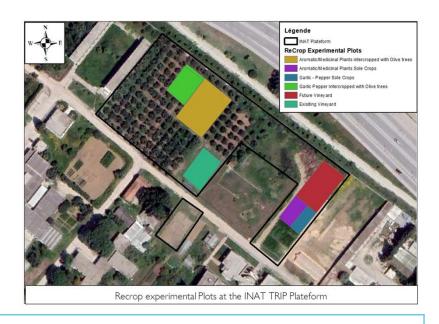
Foeniculum vulgare

Pimpinella anisum

Allium sativum

Capsicum annuum

Aromatic/medicinal plants



- Sole cropping of Aromatic-medicinal plants
- Intercropping Aromatic-medicinal crops with legumes
- Intercropping Aromatic-medicinal crops with olive trees
- Intercropping Aromatic-medicinal crops with legumes and Olive trees

Aromatic/medicinal plants

TRIP - Tunisia



Aromatic and Medicinal Plants intercropped with Olive Trees installation.





Caraway sole intercropped with olive trees



Anise and Beans plot in sole croping system









ReCROP - Bioinocula and CROPping systems: an integrated biotechnological approach for improving crop yield, biodiversity and REsilience of Mediterranean agro-ecosystems

ReCROP UCP Team

- Sofia Pereira
- Paula Castro
- João Cortez
- Eduardo Cardoso













Coordinator

PRIMA











Co-funded by:



Section 2 Call 2020 - Multi-topic

Topic 2.2.1 (RIA) Re-design the agro-livelihood systems to ensure resilience



ReCROP - Bioinocula and CROPping systems: an integrated biotechnological approach for improving crop yield, biodiversity and REsilience of Mediterranean agro-ecosystems

This project has been funded with support from the European Commission.

The European Commission support for the production of this publication does not constitute endorsement of the contents which reflects the views only of the authors, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein.





National Funding Agencies















Co-funded by:



PRIMA Section 2 Call 2020 - Multi-topic Topic 2.2.1 (RIA) Re-design the agro-livelihood systems to ensure resilience